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Resignation of Professional Staff (Mandatory Reporting Requirements)

The following procedures apply to the reporting of allegations against or offenses committed by licensed personnel who resign from the BOCES.

Mandatory reporting requirements - unlawful behavior involving a child

If an employee resigns as a result of an allegation of unlawful behavior involving a child, including unlawful sexual behavior, or an allegation of a sexual act involving a student who is eighteen years of age or older, regardless of whether the student consented to the sexual act, which is supported by a preponderance of the evidence, the executive director must notify the Colorado Department of Education (CDE) as soon as possible but no later than 10 business days after the employee's resignation.

The executive director must provide any information requested by CDE concerning the circumstances of the resignation. The BOCES also must notify the employee that information concerning the resignation is being forwarded to CDE.

If the BOCES learns that a current or past employee has been convicted of, pled nolo contendere to, or received a deferred sentence or deferred prosecution for a felony or a misdemeanor crime involving unlawful sexual behavior or unlawful behavior involving children, the executive director must notify CDE.

Mandatory reporting requirements - other offenses

In addition and in accordance with applicable State Board of Education rules, the executive director must immediately notify CDE whenever acceptance of resignation concerning a licensed employee is based upon the employee's conviction, guilty plea, plea of *nolo contendere*, or deferred sentence for any of the following offenses:

- a. felony child abuse, as specified in C.R.S. 18-6-401;
- b. felony unlawful sexual behavior, as defined in C.R.S. 16-22-102 (9);
- c. a felony offense involving unlawful sexual behavior, as defined in C.R.S. 16-22-102 (9);
- d. a crime of violence, as defined in C.R.S. 18-1.3-406;
- e. indecent exposure, as described in C.R.S. 18-7-302;
- f. contributing to the delinquency of a minor, as described in C.R.S. 18-6-701;

- g. felony domestic violence, as defined in C.R.S. 18-6-800.3;
- h. misdemeanor domestic violence, as described in C.R.S. 18-6-800.3 (1) and such conviction is a second or subsequent conviction for the same offense;
- i. misdemeanor sexual assault, as described in C.R.S. 18-3-402;
- j. misdemeanor unlawful sexual conduct, as described in C.R.S. 18-3-404;
- k. misdemeanor sexual assault on a client by a psychotherapist, as described in C.R.S. 18-3-405.5;
- i. misdemeanor child abuse, as described in C.R.S. 18-6-401;
- m. misdemeanor involving the illegal sale of controlled substances;
- n. physical assault;
- o. battery;
- p. a drug-related offense:
- q. an offense committed outside of this state, the elements of which are substantially similar to any offense described in items a-m above; or
- r. a misdemeanor committed outside of this state, the elements of which are substantially similar to sexual exploitation of children as described in C.R.S. 18-16-403 (3)(b.5).

The executive director must also immediately notify CDE when the BOCES learns:

- a. the resigning employee has forfeited any bail, bond, or other security deposited to secure the employee's appearance and the employee is charged with having committed a felony or misdemeanor for any offense described in items a-m above; or
- b. the resigning employee has paid a fine or received a suspended sentence for any offense described in items a-m above.

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The executive director must also notify CDE when:

- a. The county department of social services or the local law enforcement agency reasonably believes that an incident of child abuse or neglect has occurred and the BOCES employee is the suspected perpetrator and was acting in an official capacity as an employee of the BOCES.
- b. The BOCES reasonably believes that an employee is guilty of unethical behavior or professional incompetence.

(Approval date: January 19, 2022)

NOTE: The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) requires BOCES that receive ESEA funds to have policies in place that prohibit the BOCES from assisting an employee in obtaining a new job if the BOCES knows, or has probable cause to believe, that such employee engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a student or minor in violation of the law. The BOCES is not prohibited from following routine procedures regarding the transmission of administrative or personnel files, but is prohibited from doing more than that to help the employee obtain new employment. 20 U.S.C. 7926. This provision is intended to prevent teachers or other school staff who have engaged in sexual misconduct with a student or minor at one school from obtaining employment at another school, without that school's knowledge of the prior misconduct. In sum, the BOCES must ensure that it complies with state law mandatory reporting requirements as well as not offer employment assistance as prohibited by the ESSA when contacted by another school for information regarding an applicant's fitness for employment.

[Revised September 2021]
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